Extreme Risk Protection Orders: What Clinicians Need to Know

RESOURCES

- Visit the Bloomberg American Health Initiative's Implement ERPO Website for comprehensive information and resources on ERPOs.
- The <u>ERPO: A Civil Approach to Gun Violence Prevention Teach-Out</u> is a free, open access digital learning offering that includes a digestible, yet comprehensive, overview of ERPOs and provides opportunities to engage in civic advocacy and collective action. You can either enroll in the Teach-Out on Coursera for the full Teach-Out model experience, or simply access its video archive through <u>this playlist</u> on the **Johns Hopkins Center for Gun Violence Prevention and Policy**'s YouTube channel.
- Register for <u>Reducing Gun Violence in America</u>: <u>Evidence for Change</u> to learn about gun violence prevention from a public health perspective from 24+ of the nation's experts. The <u>Johns Hopkins Center for Gun Violence Prevention and Policy</u> launched the course in May 2019, making it the first-ever free and publicly accessible online course on gun violence prevention.
- Review Extreme Risk Protection Orders: New Recommendations for Policy and Implementation, released by the Consortium for Risk-Based
 Firearm Violence in October 2020 outlining key considerations and recommendations for ERPO policy best practices.

REFERENCES

- 1. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. The Public Health Approach to Violence Prevention. *National Center for Injury Prevention and Control, Division of Violence Prevention*. 2008. https://www.cdc.gov/violenceprevention/pdf/PH App Violence-a.pdf
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Web-based Injury Statistics Query and Reporting System (WISQARS). http://www.cdc.gov/injury/wisqars/index.html
- 3. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Web-based Injury Statistics Query and Reporting System (WISQARS). Data Sources: Fatal Injury Data. https://www.cdc.gov/injury/wisqars/fatal-help/data-sources.html
- 4. Sampson RJ, Morenoff JD, Raudenbush S. Social anatomy of racial and ethnic disparities in violence. *American Journal of Public Health*. 2005 Feb;95(2):224-32. https://doi.org/10.2105/AJPH.2004.037705
- 5. Zeoli AM, Malinski R, Turchan B. Risks and Targeted Interventions: Firearms in Intimate Partner Violence. *Epidemiol Rev.* 2016;38(1):125-39. DOI: 10.1093/epirev/mxv007.
- 6. National Instant Criminal Background Check System Firearm Checks. Washington, DC: Federal Bureau of Investigations. http://www.fbi.gov/file-repository/nics_firearm_checks - month_year_by_state_type.pdf/view_
- 7. Crifasi CK, Stone EM, McGinty B, Vernick JS, Barry CL, Webster DW. Differences in public support for handgun purchaser licensing. *Inj Prev*. 2020;26(1):93-95. (In eng). DOI: 10.1136/injuryprev-2019-043405.
- 8. Webster D, Crifasi CK, Vernick JS. Effects of the repeal of Missouri's handgun purchaser licensing law on homicides. *J Urban Health*. 2014;91(2):293-302. (In eng). DOI: 10.1007/s11524-014-9865-8.
- 9. McCourt AD, Crifasi CK, Stuart EA, et al. Purchaser Licensing, Point-of-Sale Background Check Laws, and Firearm Homicide and Suicide in 4 US States, 1985-2017. Am J Public Health. 2020;110(10):1546-1552. (In eng). DOI: 10.2105/ajph.2020.305822.
- 10. Pierce GL, Braga AA, Wintemute GJ. Impact of California firearms sales laws and dealer regulations on the illegal diversion of guns. *Inj Prev.* 2015;21(3):179-84. (In eng). DOI: 10.1136/injuryprev-2014-041413.
- 11. Rudolph KE, Stuart EA, Vernick JS, Webster DW. Association Between Connecticut's Permit-to-Purchase Handgun Law and Homicides. *Am J Public Health*. 2015;105(8):e49-54. (In eng). DOI: 10.2105/ajph.2015.302703.
- 12. Betz ME, Barber C, Miller M. Suicidal behavior and firearm access: results from the second injury control and risk survey. *Suicide Life Threat Behav*. 2011;41(4):384-91. (In eng). DOI: 10.1111/j.1943-278X.2011.00036.x.
- 13. Azrael D, Cohen J, Salhi C, Miller M. Firearm Storage in Gun-Owning Households with Children: Results of a 2015 National Survey. *J Urban Healt*. 2018;95(3):295-304. DOI: 10.1007/s11524-018-0261-7.
- 14. Rowhani-Rahbar A, Simonetti JA, Rivara FP. Effectiveness of Interventions to Promote Safe Firearm Storage. *Epidemiol Rev* . 016;38(1):111-24. (In eng). DOI: 10.1093/epirev/mxv006.
- 15. Webster DW, Vernick JS, Zeoli AM, Manganello JA. Association between youth-focused firearm laws and youth suicides. *JAMA*. 2004;292(5):594-601. DOI: 10.1001/jama.292.5.594.
- 16. Barry CL, Stone EM, Crifasi CK, Vernick JS, Webster DW, McGinty EE. Trends In Public Opinion On US Gun Laws: Majorities Of Gun Owners And Non-Gun Owners Support A Range Of Measures. *Health Aff* (Millwood). 2019;38(10):1727-1734. (In eng). DOI: 10.1377/hlthaff.2019.00576.
- 17. Crifasi CK, Doucette ML, McGinty EE, Webster DW, Barry CL. Storage Practices of US Gun Owners in 2016. Am J Public Health. 2018;108(4):532-537. DOI: 10.2105/AJPH.2017.304262.
- 18. Johnson RM, Coyne-Beasley T, Runyan CW. Firearm ownership and storage practices, U.S. households, 1992- 2002. A systematic review. *Am J Prev Med*. 2004;27(2):173-82. (In eng). DOI: 10.1016/j.amepre.2004.04.015.
- 19. Frattaroli S, Hoops K, Irvin NA, et al. Assessment of Physician Self-reported Knowledge and Use of Maryland's Extreme Risk Protection Order Law. *JAMA Netw Open*. 2019;2(12): e1918037. DOI: 10.1001/jamanetworkopen.2019.18037.
- 20. Swanson JW, Easter MM, Alanis-Hirsch K, et al. Criminal Justice and Suicide Outcomes with Indiana's Risk-Based Gun Seizure Law. *J Am Acad Psychiatry Law*. 2019. DOI: 10.29158/JAAPL.003835-19.
- 21. Swanson JW, Bonnie RJ, Appelbaum PS. Getting Serious About Reducing Suicide: More "How" and Less "Why". *JAMA*. 2015;314(21):2229-30. DOI: 10.1001/jama.2015.15566.
- 22. Swanson JW, Norko MA, Lin H-J, et al. Implementation and effectiveness of Connecticut's risk-based gun removal law: Does it prevent suicides. Law & Contemp Probs. 2017;80:179.
- 23. Wintemute GJ, Pear VA, Schleimer JP, Pallin R, Sohl S, Kravitz-Wirtz N, Tomsich EA. Extreme risk protection orders intended to prevent mass shootings: a case series. *Annals of Internal Medicine*. 2019;5;171(9):655-8. https://doi.org/10.7326/M19-2162